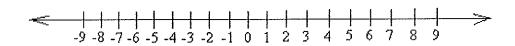
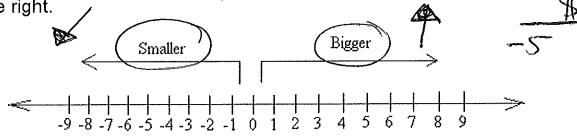
Name: Period: Date:

3.5 Comparing integers

When comparing integers, you can use a number line



Any number to the right of 0 gets bigger and bigger as you move to the right.



So, if the numbers are positive, the smaller number is the one closer to 0

Any number to the left of 0 gets smaller and smaller as you move to the left.

So, if the numbers are <u>negative</u>, the bigger number is the <u>one closer</u> to zero

Thing to remember: Absolute Value; 1-3/=3

How for a # is from O.

Numbers on the left are always smaller than numbers on the right.

EXAMPLES:

$$37-2$$
Compare 3 and -2
 $-4<-1$
Compare

Compare -4 and -1 Compare
$$\begin{vmatrix} -9 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$$
 and $\begin{vmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$

Compare -7 and -5 Compare
$$|-21|$$
 and $|-20|$